

# Wombat Flux



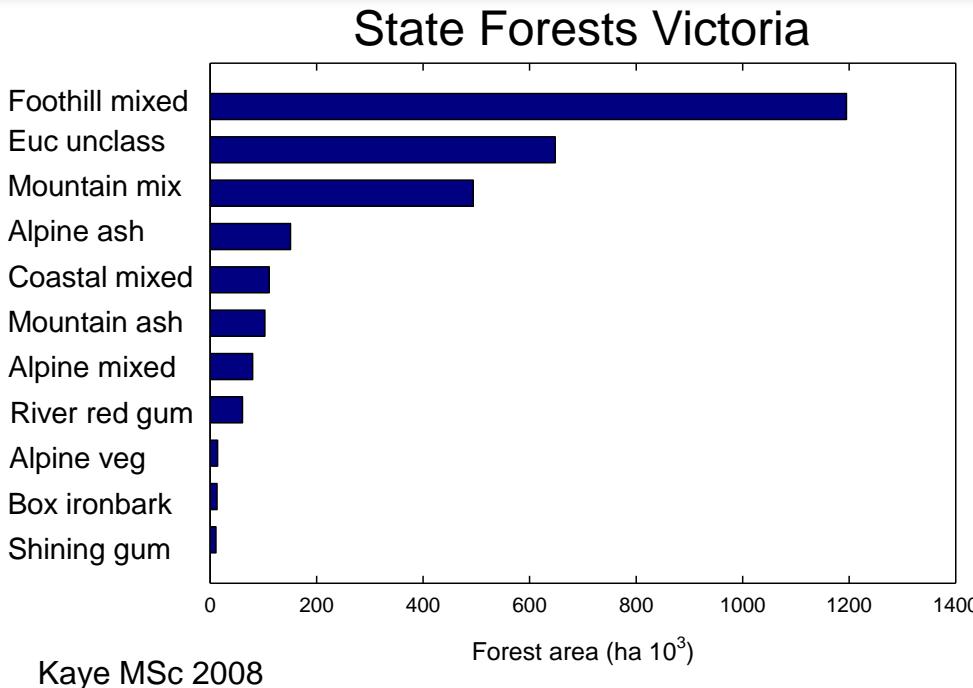
**Department of Forest and Ecosystem Science**

Nina Hinko Najera, Anne Griebel, Benedikt Fest, Julio Najera Umana, Steve Livesley, Stefan Arndt and a lot of Monashians



# Location of flux towers





- cool temperate dry sclerophyll forest
- *E. obliqua* (messmate stringybark), *E. radiata* (narrow-leaved peppermint), *E. rubida* (candlebark gum)
- Climate: cool temperate to Mediterranean (warm & dry summers, cold & wet winters)
- yellow podzolic soil, silty clays overlying clays (from Ordovician marine sediments)



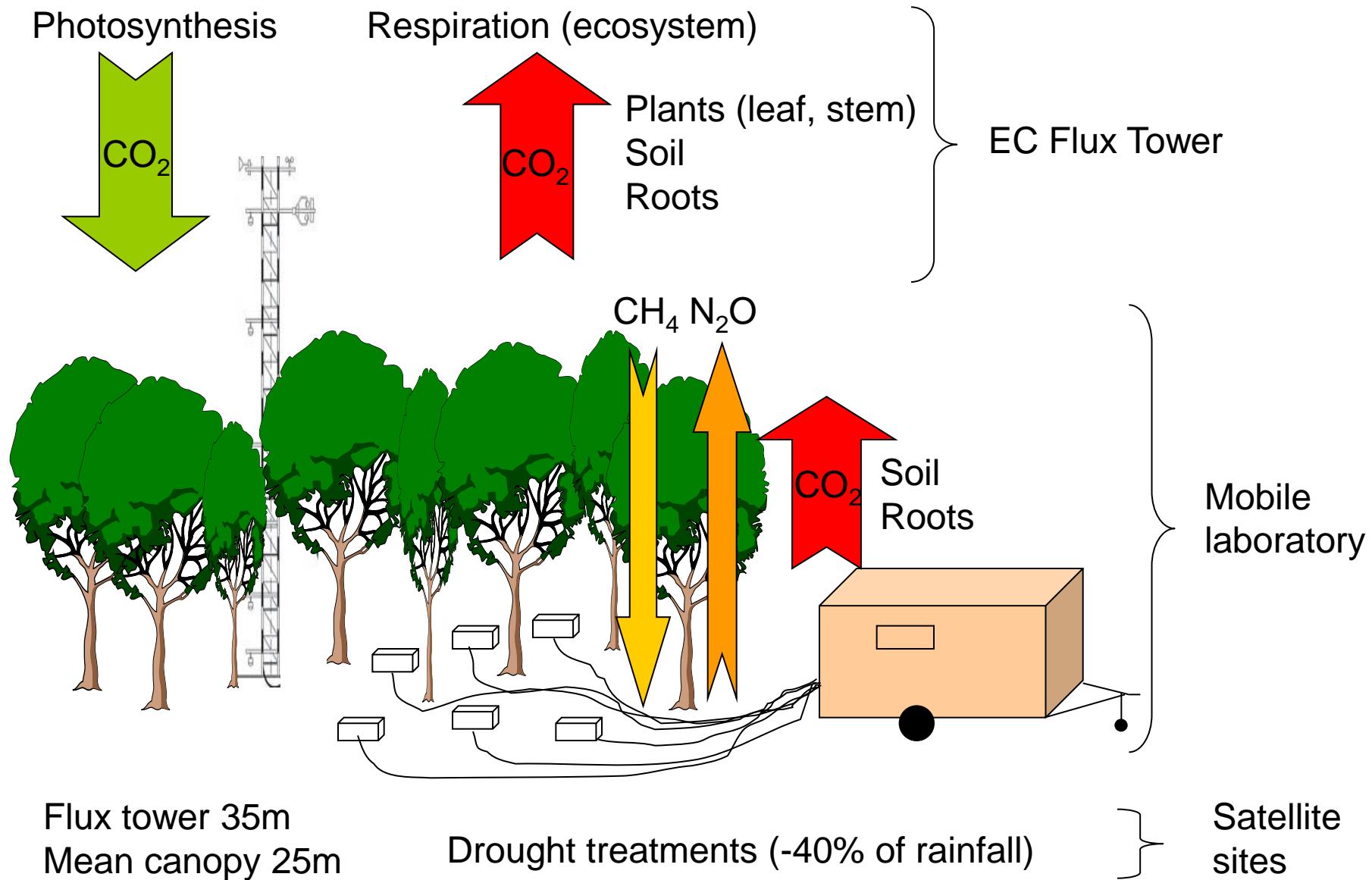
*E. obliqua*



*E. radiata*



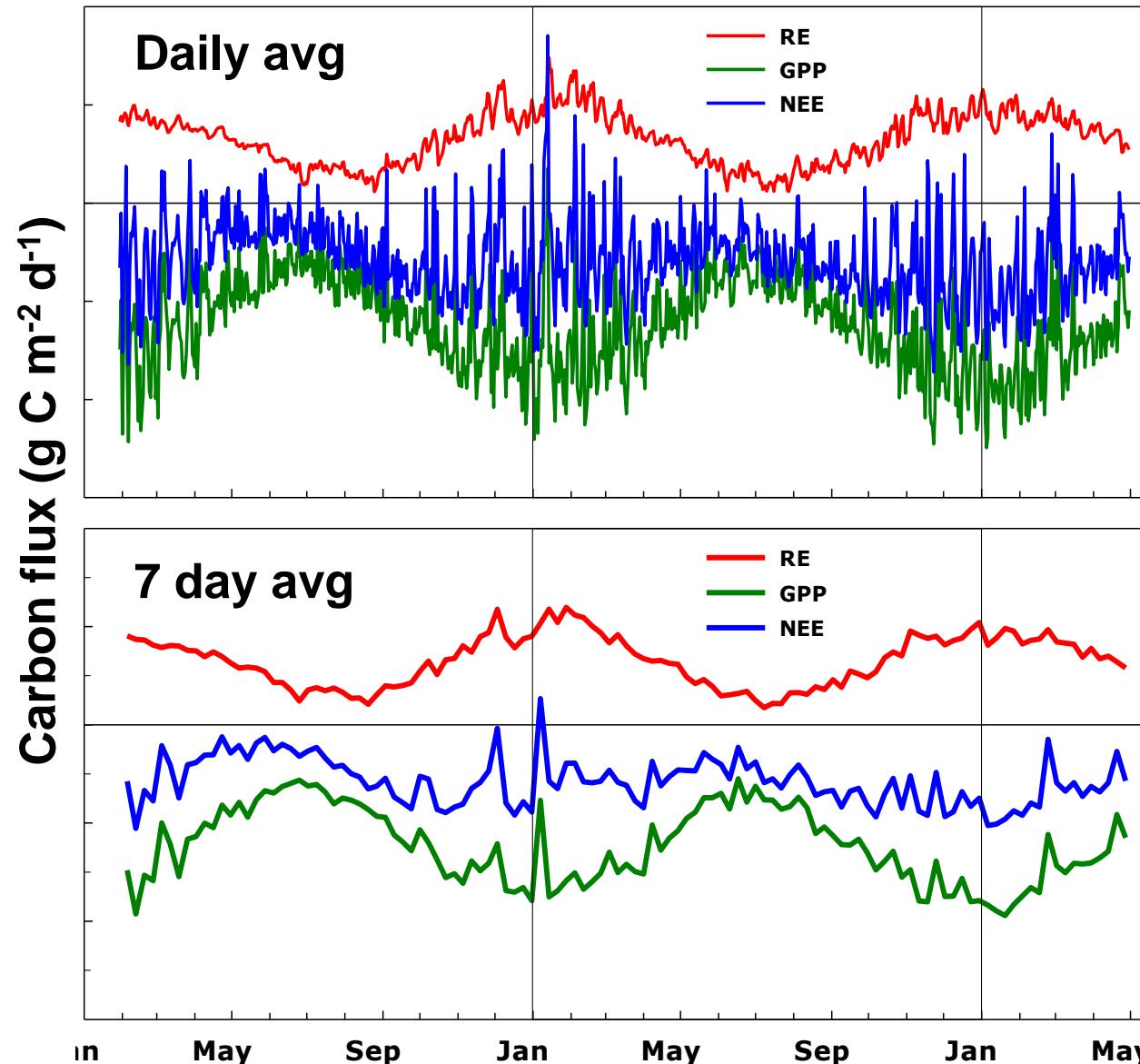
*E. rubida*



# Wombat Forest Flux



# Carbon flux Wombat Forest

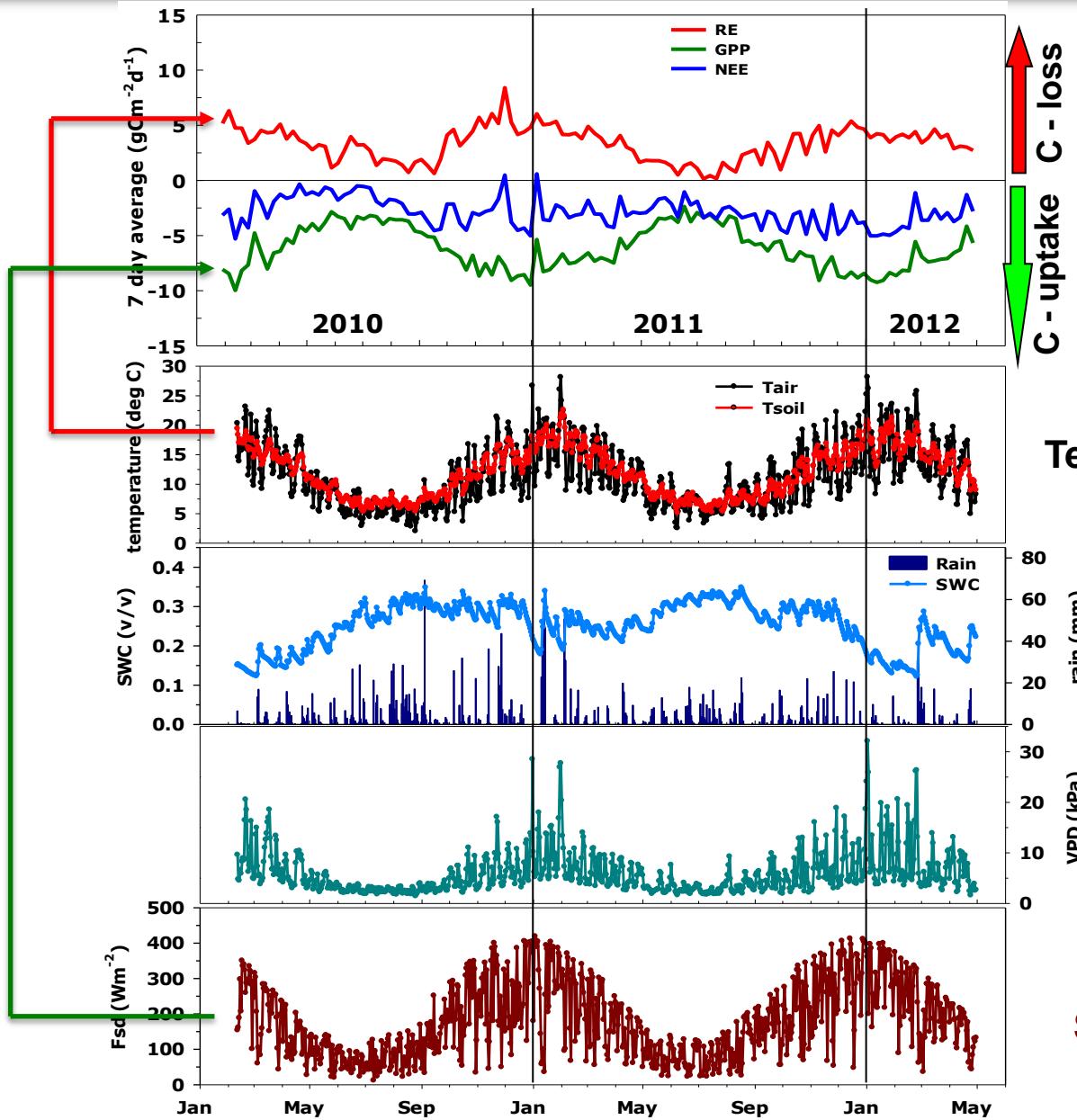


**Respiration**  
**Net ecosystem exchange**  
**Photosynthesis (GPP)**

Wombat forest is a strong and continuous carbon sink at all times  
 → Stronger C sink in summer than in winter  
 → But not a strong seasonality  
 → Data will allow a detailed monitoring of carbon uptake/release in future (planned burning at Wombat Flux late 2013 or early 2014)



# Environmental drivers of carbon flux



Respiration

Net ecosystem exchange

Photosynthesis (GPP)

Temperature (air, soil)

Soil moisture

VPD (dryness of air)

Solar radiation



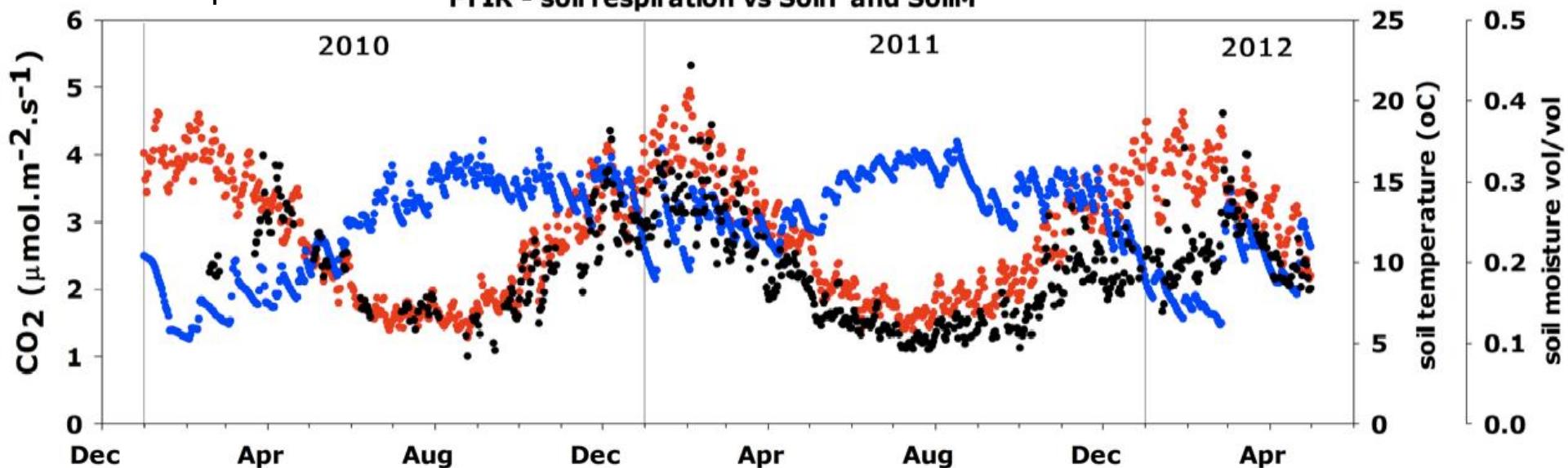
## Control of soil respiration at Wombat Forest

Soil temperature

Soil moisture

Soil respiration

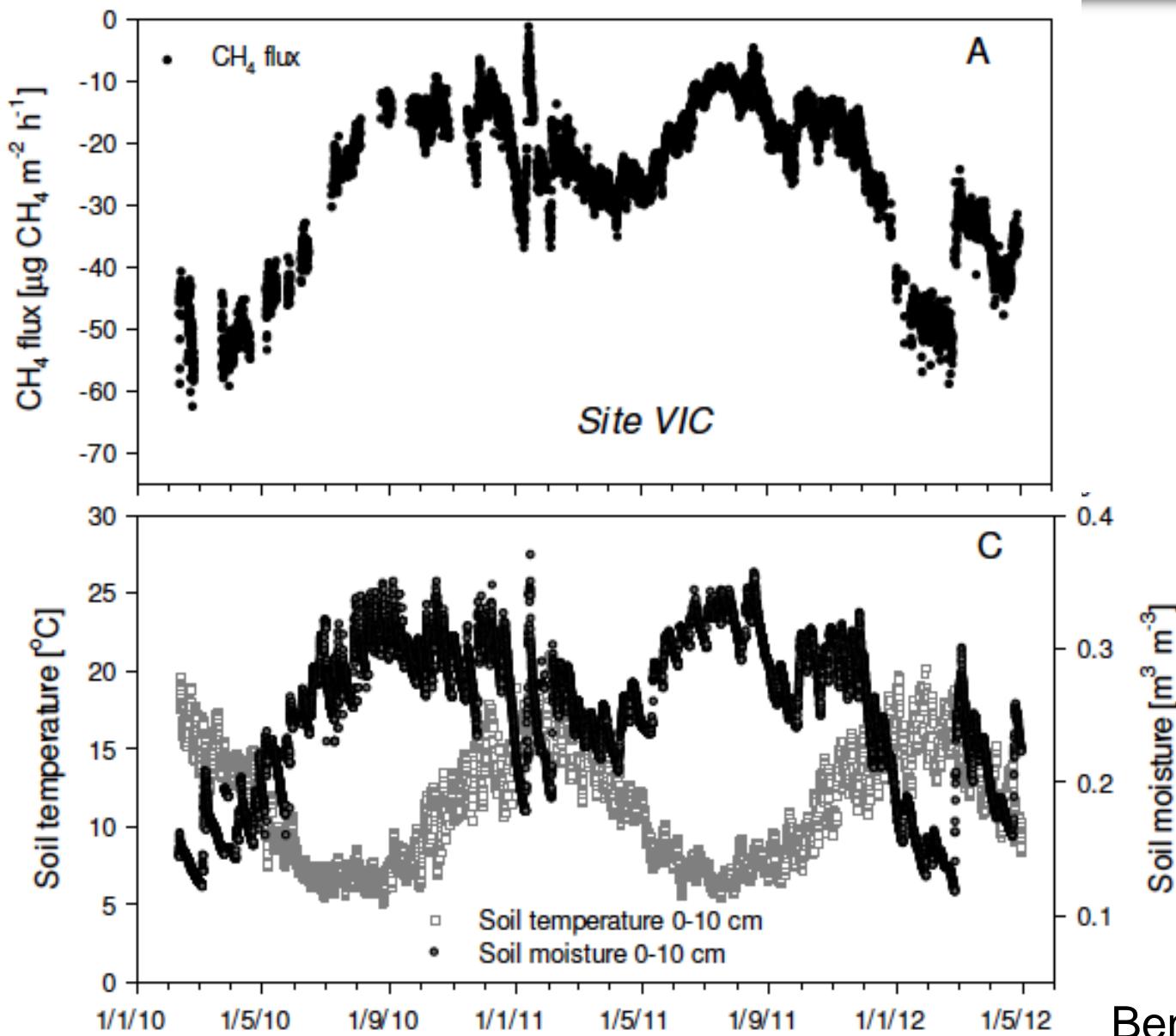
FTIR - soil respiration vs SoilT and SoilM



Soil temperature has strong control over soil respiration  
But only if the soil is wet enough  
Was very wet in the last two years

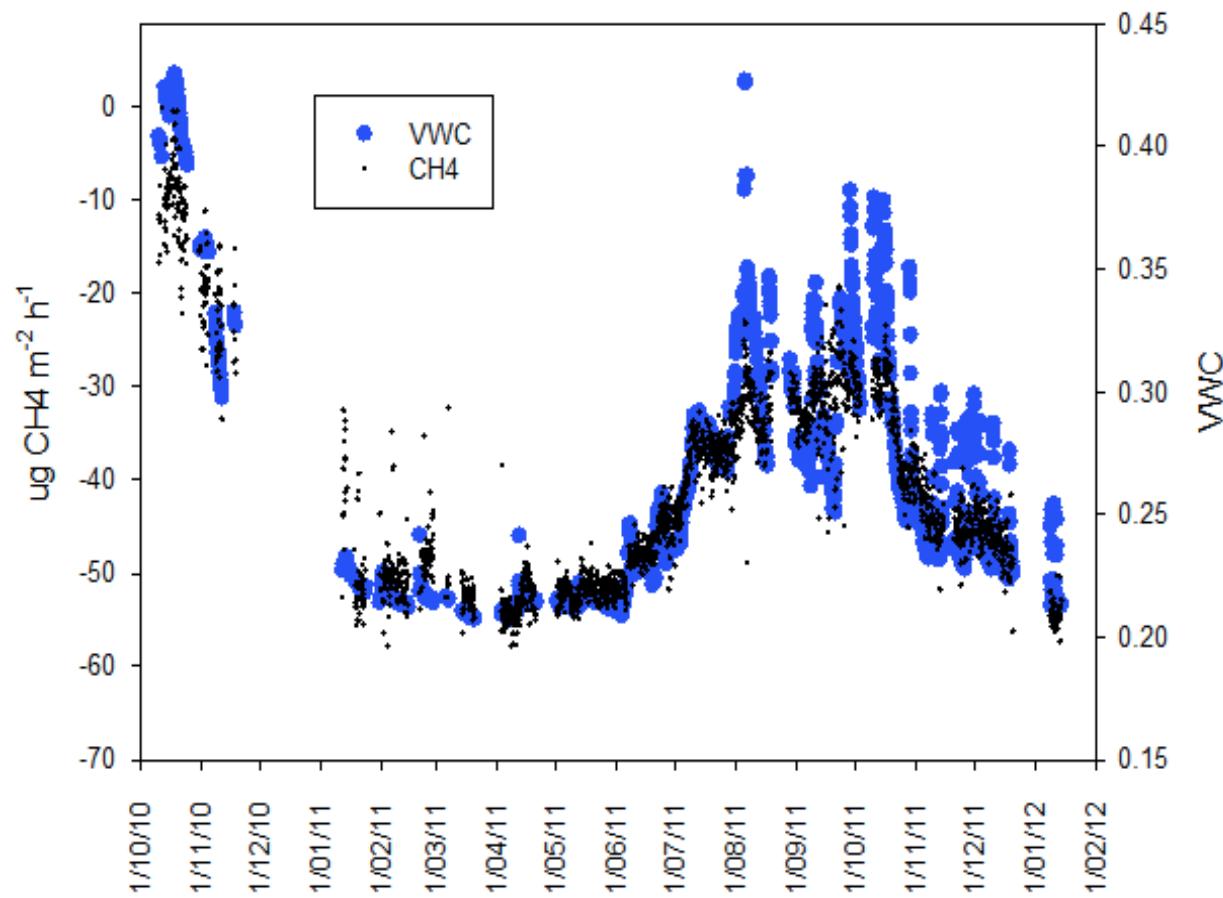


# Methane flux





# Methane flux



Volumetric soil water content explained 91% of the  $\text{CH}_4$  flux

## Detection of carbon fluxes

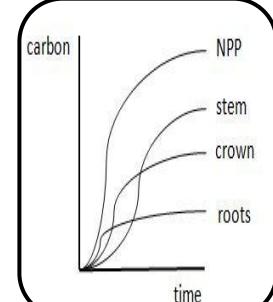
Crown dynamics



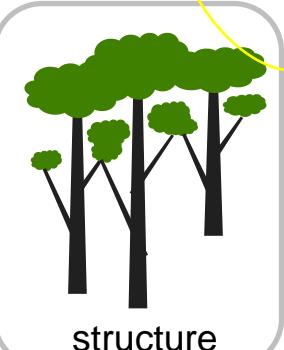
Stem increments



## Seasonality of growth



## Structural dynamics

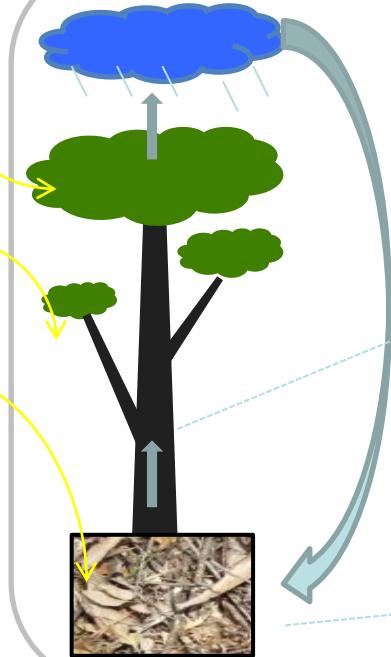


Climate change



## Question 5

### Carbon and water fluxes



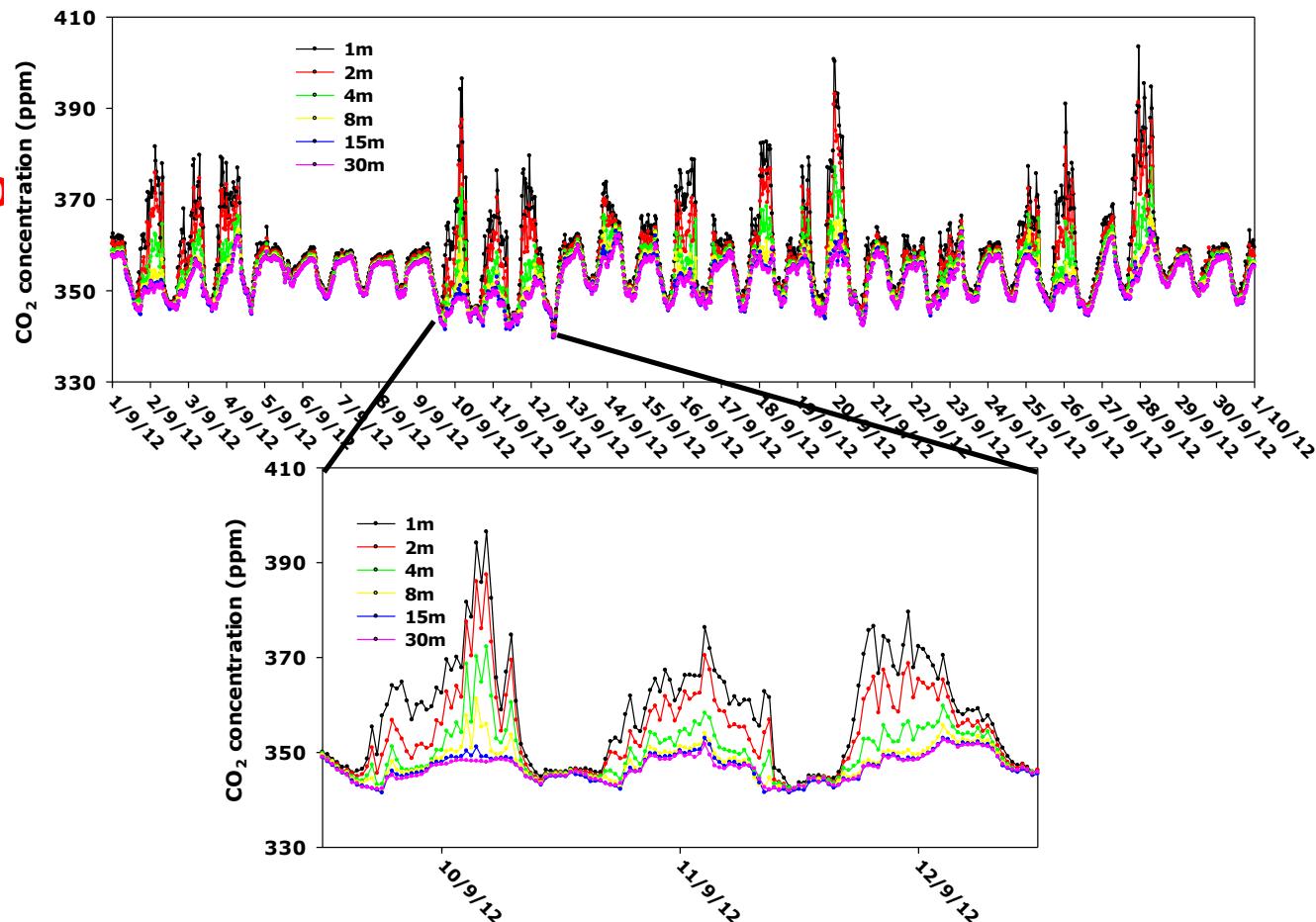
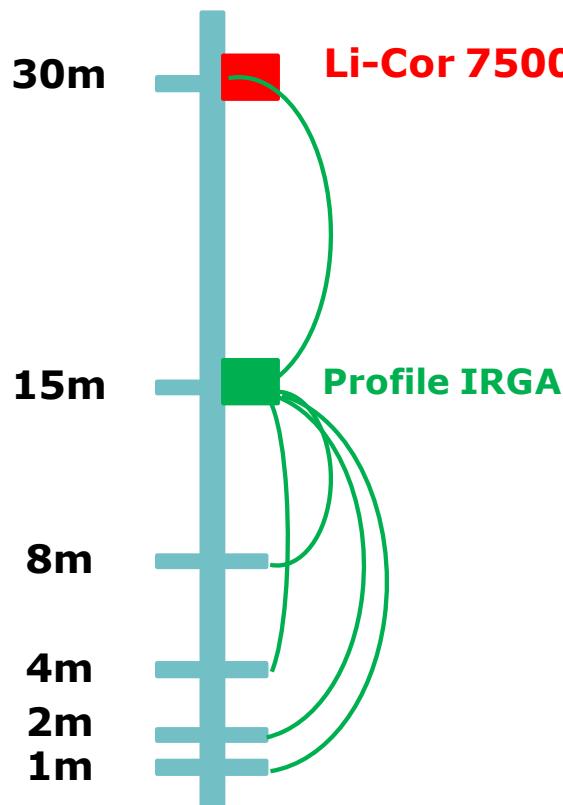
## Question 1 + 1b

## Question 2

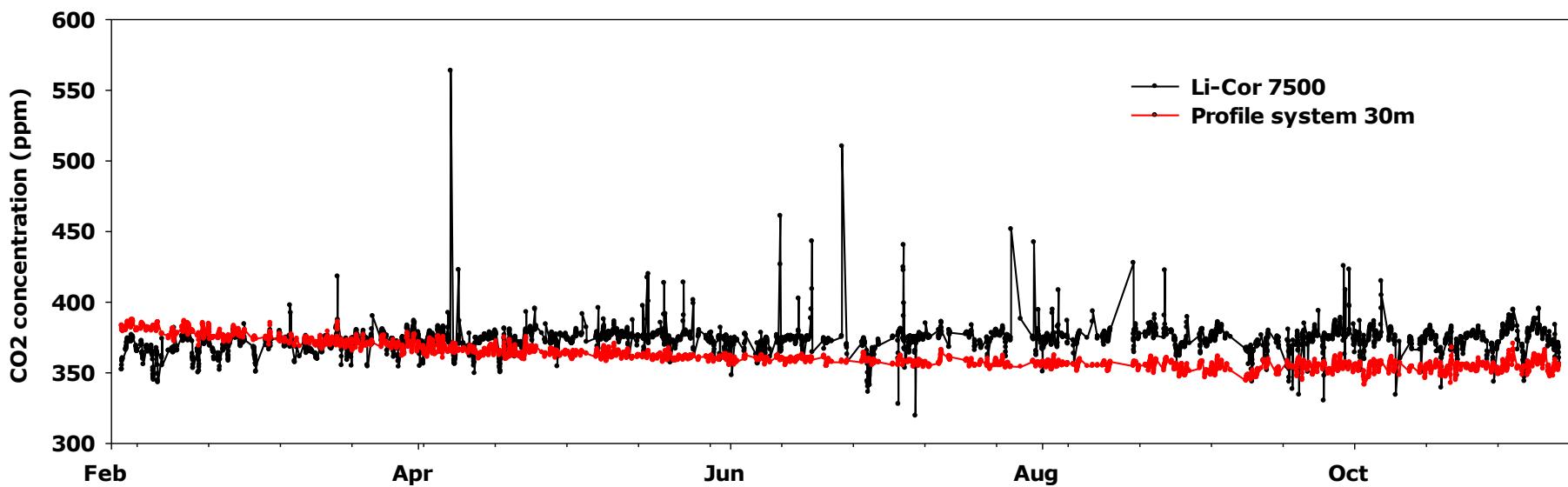
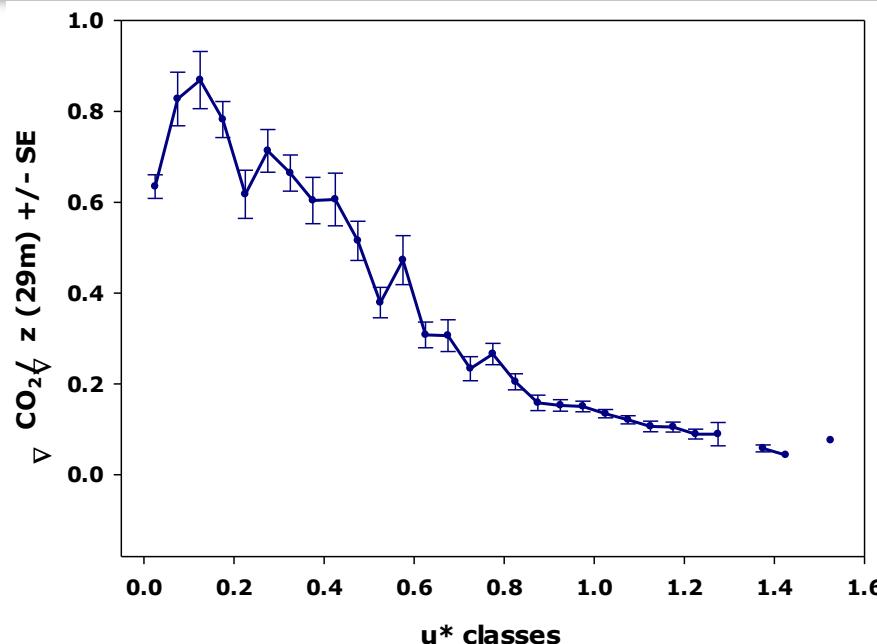
## Question 3

## Question 4

- Issue of drainage
- System installed since February 2012 (built by Ian McHugh)



# $u^*$ threshold of CO<sub>2</sub> profile— Li-Cor 7500 vs Profile system 30m



# Calculation of storage term

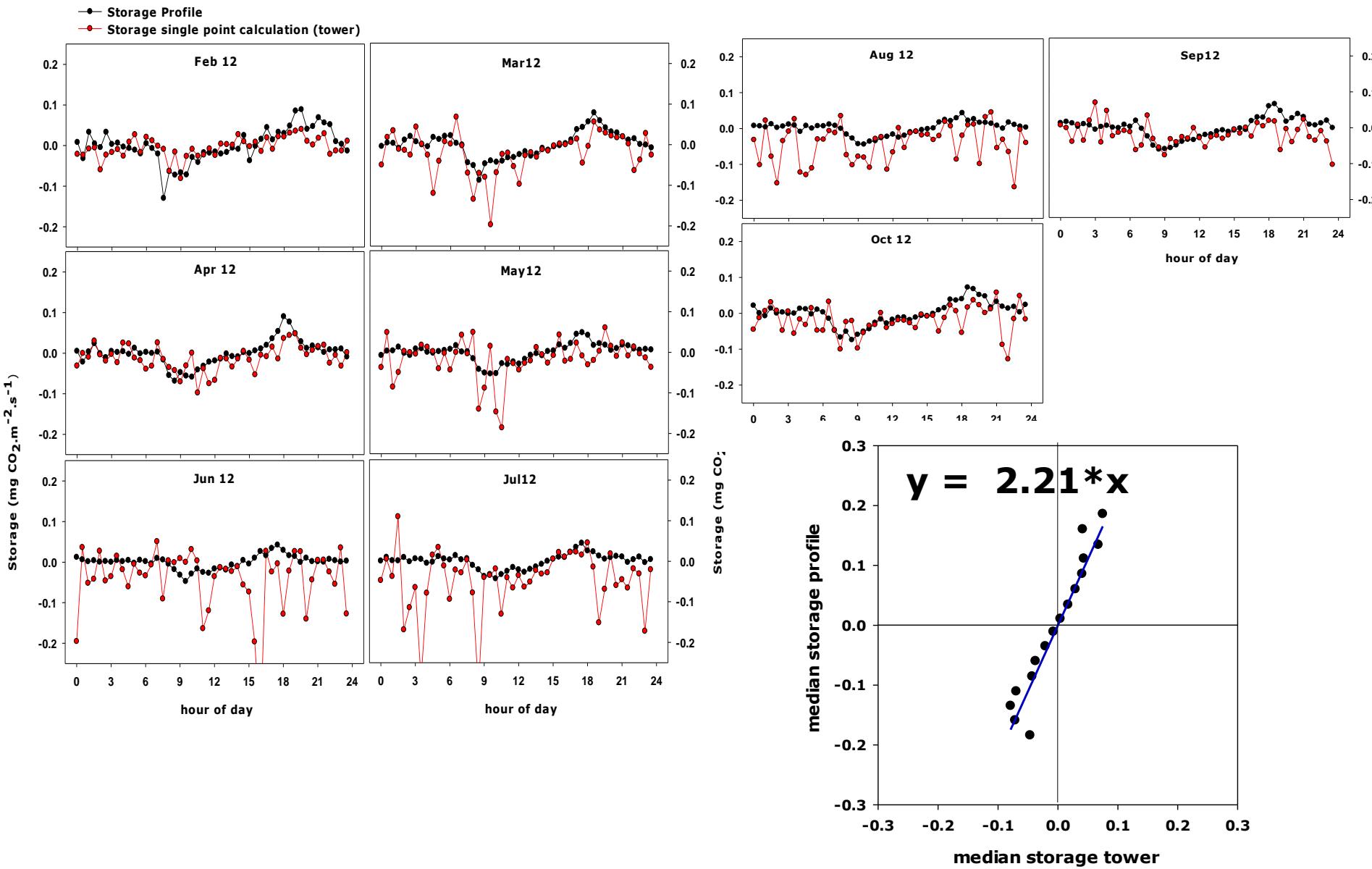
measurements: 2 min intervals  
→ 6 min averages to the end of 30 min

$$\text{total CO}_2 \text{ (mg.m}^{-2}\text{)} = [\text{CO}_2(z_1) * z_1 + \\ (\text{CO}_2(z_1) + \text{CO}_2(z_2)) * ((z_2 - z_1) / 2) + \\ (\text{CO}_2(z_2) + \text{CO}_2(z_3)) * ((z_3 - z_2) / 2) \dots ]$$

$$\Delta \text{ CO}_2 = \text{total CO}_2(t_2) - \text{total CO}_2(t_1)$$

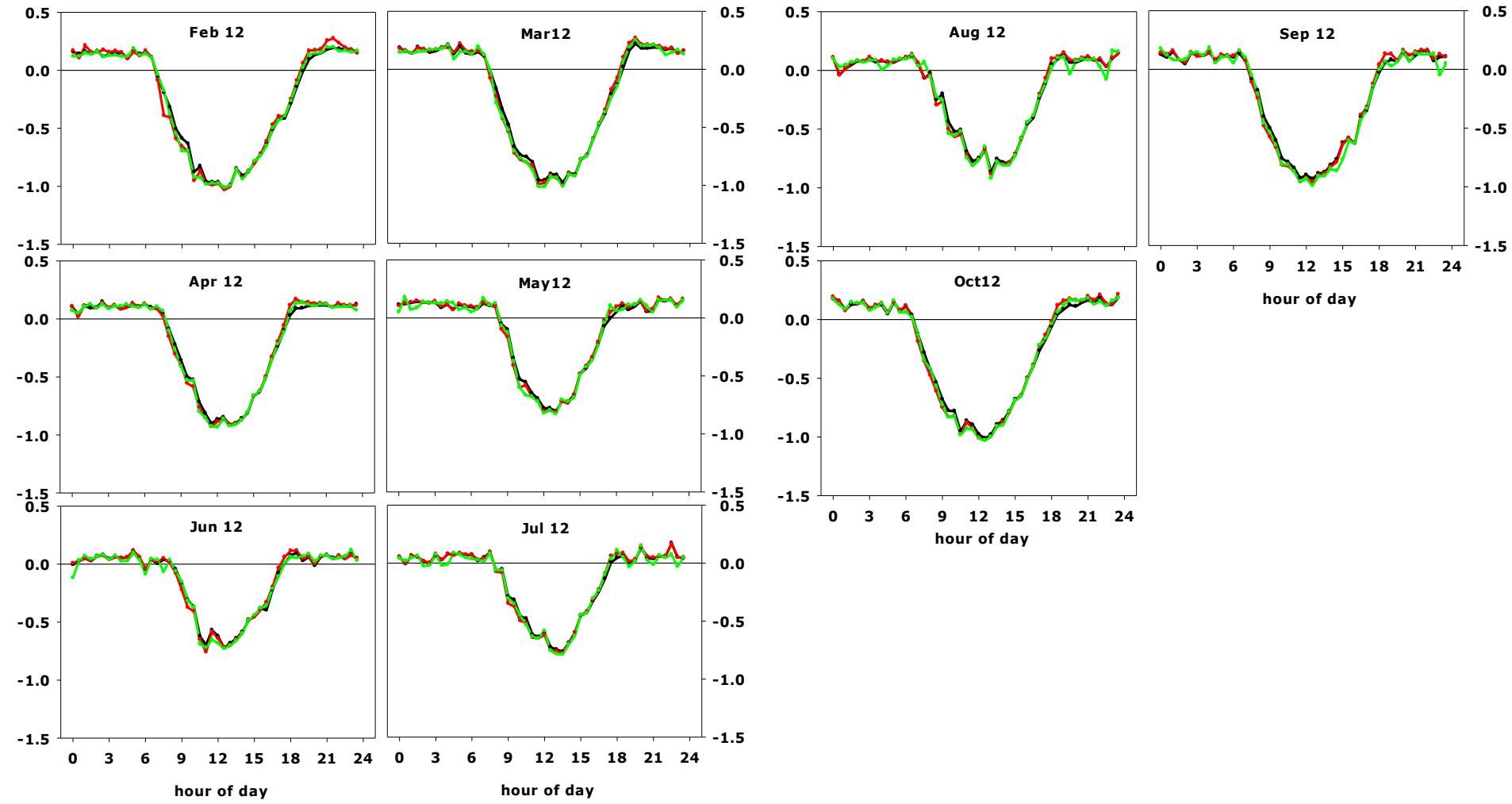
→ automated processing/calculation will be implemented  
into Python-QC

# Storage profile vs. storage tower

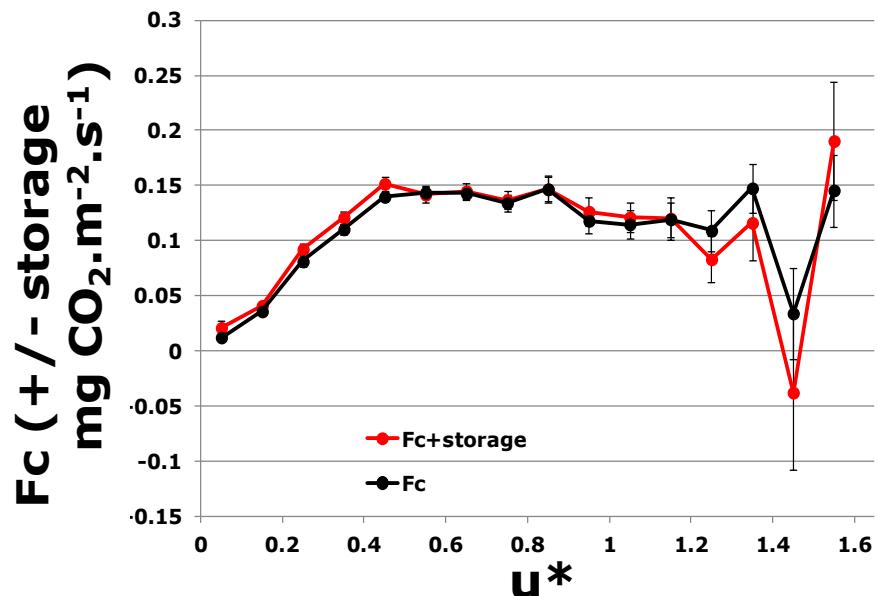
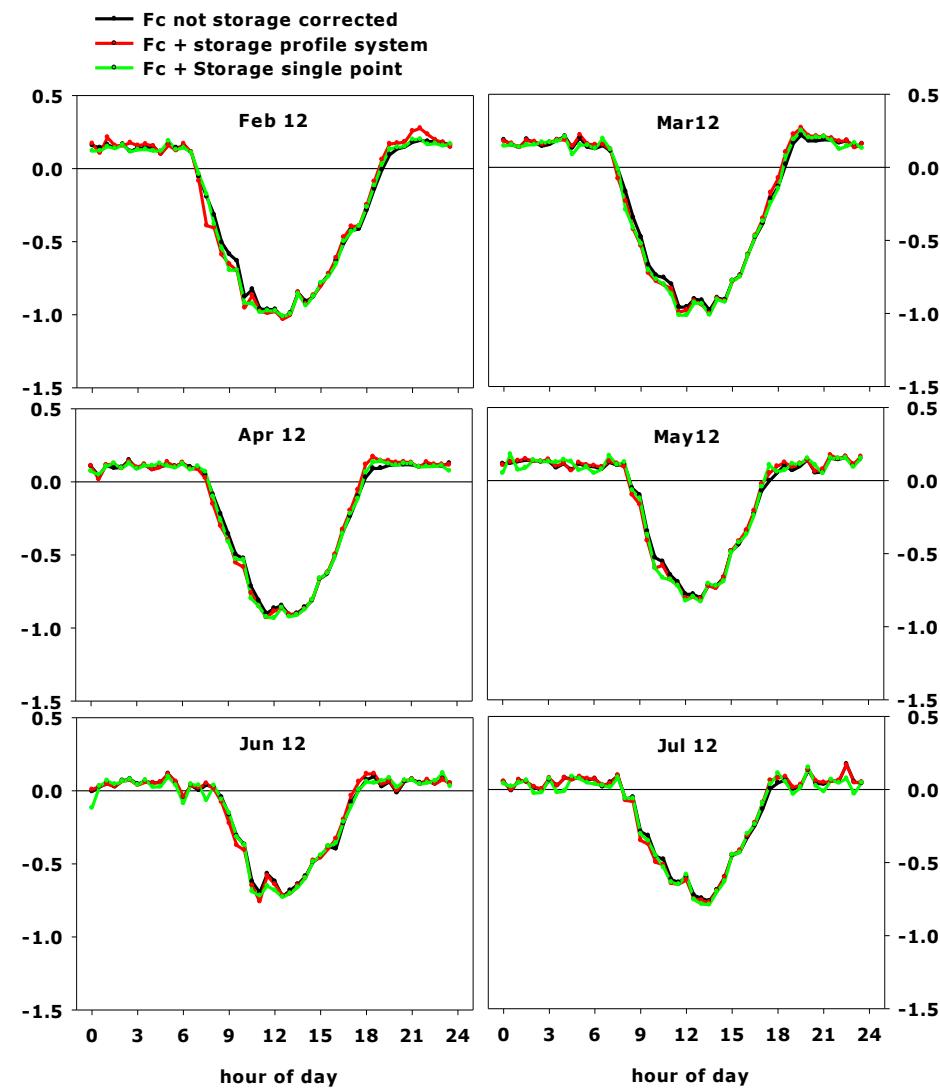


# Fc + storage ( $\text{mg CO}_2 \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} = y$ )

— Fc not storage corrected  
— Fc + storage profile system  
— Fc + Storage single point



# Fc + storage – $u^*$ threshold



WombatStateForest: 2012-01-01 00:30:00 to 2013-01-01 00:00:00

